## Problems for Tutorial 5

(Thursday, 16.12, at 10 a.m.)

## Problem 1.

- (1) Let  $G_1$  be a topological group,  $G_2$  be a group and  $\varphi : G_1 \to G_2$  an epimorphism. We consider  $G_2$  as a topological group with respect to the quotient topology. Let H be a subgroup of  $G_2$ . Prove the following statements.
  - (a) If  $\varphi^{-1}(H)$  is discrete in  $G_1$ , then H is discrete in  $G_2$ . [4 P.]
  - (b) Suppose additionally that  $G_1$  is Hausdorff and that ker( $\varphi$ ) is finite. If H is discrete in  $G_2$ , then  $\varphi^{-1}(H)$  is discrete in  $G_1$ . [4 P.]
- (2) Deduce from this that a subgroup H of  $PSL_2(\mathbb{R})$  is discrete if and only if its full preimage  $\varphi^{-1}(H)$  is discrete in  $SL_2(\mathbb{R})$ .

**Problem 2.** Consider the set  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}} = \mathbb{H} \cup \partial \mathbb{H}$ , where  $\partial \mathbb{H} = \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$ . Define a topology  $\mathcal{T}$  on  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$  so that the following three properties are satisfied. [9 P.]

- (a) The usual topologies on  $\mathbb{H}$  and on  $\mathbb{R}$  are induced by the topology on  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$ .
- (b) The closure of  $\mathbb{H}$  in  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$  is  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$ .
- (c)  $(\widehat{\mathbb{H}}, \mathcal{T})$  is a compact topological space.

**Problem 3.** Recall that for any subset  $S \subseteq \mathbb{H}$  we denote by  $\mathbf{AP}_{\widehat{\mathbb{H}}}(S)$  the set of accumulation points of S in  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$ . Recall that the *limit set* of a subgroup  $G \leq \mathrm{PSL}_2(\mathbb{R})$  is defined to be as

$$\Lambda(G) = \bigcup_{z \in \mathbb{H}} \mathbf{AP}_{\widehat{\mathbb{H}}}(G(z))$$

(a) Prove that for any point  $z_0 \in \mathbb{H}$  we have

$$\Lambda(G) = \mathbf{AP}_{\widehat{\mathbb{H}}}(G(z_0)).$$

- (b) Prove that if G is a Fuchsian group, then  $\Lambda(G)$  is closed. [4 P.]
- (c) Let  $G = \text{PSL}_2(\mathbb{R})$ . Prove that  $\Lambda(G) = \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\}$ . [4 P.]

[4 P.]