

ÜBUNGEN ZUR ANALYSIS II

Die angegebenen Lösungen sind nur bis auf eine additive Konstante eindeutig bestimmt.

$$(1) -\frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \left(1 + \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3}{5}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}x^3\right) \quad (2) \frac{4(x^2+7)}{7\sqrt[4]{x}} \quad (3) -\frac{2}{5^x \ln 5} + \frac{1}{2^x \cdot 5 \ln 2}$$

$$(4) \frac{1}{2}e^{2x} - e^x + x \quad (5) x - \arctan x \quad (6) \frac{1}{22}(2x-3)^{11} \quad (7) -\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{2-5x}$$

$$(8) -\frac{5}{2}\sqrt[5]{(1-x)^2} \quad (9) \ln(2+e^x) \quad (10) x - \frac{1}{3}\ln(1+e^{3x}) \quad (11) \frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{1-\sin(2x)}$$

$$(12) -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}\cos x) \quad \text{oder} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\arccos(\sqrt{2}\cos x) \quad (13) \frac{\arctan^2 x}{2}$$

$$(14) \frac{1}{99(1-x)^{99}} - \frac{1}{49(1-x)^{98}} + \frac{1}{97(1-x)^{97}} \quad (15) \frac{1}{3}((x+1)^{3/2} - (x-1)^{3/2})$$

$$(16) \frac{\sin^6 x}{6} \quad (17) \sin x - \frac{1}{3}\sin^3 x \quad (18) \frac{1}{32}\sin(4x) + \frac{1}{4}\sin(2x) + \frac{3}{8}x$$

$$(19) x \arctan x - \frac{1}{2}\ln(1+x^2) \quad (20) \frac{1+x^2}{2}(\arctan x)^2 - x \arctan x + \frac{1}{2}\ln(1+x^2)$$

$$(21) x(\arcsin x)^2 + 2\sqrt{1-x^2} \cdot \arcsin x - 2x \quad (22) x + \frac{x^2-1}{2}\ln\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)$$

$$(23^*) \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos x - \frac{2+x^2}{9}\sqrt{1-x^2} \quad (24^*) (x+1) \arctan(\sqrt{x}) - \sqrt{x}$$

$$(25^*) -(\cos x) \ln(\tan x) - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{1+\cos x}{1-\cos x} \right| \quad \text{oder} \quad -(\cos x) \ln(\tan x) + \ln \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right|$$