

Stochastic Processes and Stochastic Analysis II
Exercise sheet

Please gather in groups of 2 people to hand in your answers.

Exercise 19: (6 points) Let $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be the simple random walk on \mathbb{Z} started in $X_0 = 0$ with transition probabilities given by

$$p_{ij} = \begin{cases} p, & j = i + 1 \\ q, & j = i - 1 \\ 0, & \text{else,} \end{cases}$$

where $p, q \geq 0$ with $p + q = 1$. Show that $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is recurrent if $p = q = \frac{1}{2}$ and transient otherwise.

Hint: Use the Stirling formula:

$$n! \sim \sqrt{2\pi n} \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n, \quad n \rightarrow \infty.$$

Exercise 20: (8 points) Let $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be the simple symmetric random walk on \mathbb{Z}^3 started in $X_0 = 0$ with transition probabilities given by

$$p_{ij} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}, & |i - j| = 1 \\ 0, & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

Show that $(X_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ is transient by proceeding as follows:

- Determine an expression for $p_{00}^{(2n)}$.
- Use the Stirling formula and give an asymptotic upper bound for $p_{00}^{(2n)}$ in (a) in the case $n = 3m$ for some $m \in \mathbb{N}$.
- Conclude that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} p_{00}^{(n)} < \infty.$$

Exercise 21: (6 points) Prove the following statements:

- Let C be a communicating class. Then either all states in C are recurrent or all are transient.
- Every recurrent class is closed.
- Every finite closed class is recurrent.

Hand in on: Thursday, 06.12.2018

Revision: Tuesday, 11.12.2018 in Exercise lesson